REC'D	22	JUL	2005	
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PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

From the INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY					
To: KEVIN C BROWN BURR AND BROWN	PCT WRITTEN OPINION OF THE				
P.O. BOX 7068 SYRACUSE, NY 13261	INTERNATIO	NAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY			
		(PCT Rule 43bis.1)			
	Date of mailing (day/month/year)	20 JUL 2005			
Applicant's or agent's file reference	FOR FURTHER	ACTION See paragraph 2 below			
857 043 WO International application No. International filing date	(day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)			
24 January 2005 (24.01	.2005)	22 January 2004 (22.01.2004)			
International Patent Classification (IPC) or both national classification	ation and 120				
IPC(7): H01L 31/06, 31/0328 and US Cl.: 257/184,187,189, 461-4	103, 436/46,01,07,000				
HALL, ROBERT B					
1. This opinion contains indications relating to the following ite	ems:				
Box No. I Basis of the opinion					
Box No. II Priority					
	regard to novelty, inve	entive step and industrial applicability			
Box No. IV Lack of unity of invention	1 - 1/2. With repart	to novelty, inventive step or industrial			
Box No. V Reasoned statement under Rule 43bis.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement					
Box No. VI Certain documents cited					
1 1 ==					
Box No. VIII Certain observations on the interne	attotat abbuganon				
2. FURTHER ACTION If a demand for international preliminary examination is International Preliminary Examining Authority ("IPEA" Authority other than this one to be the IPEA and the cho that written opinions of this International Searching Author	sen IPEA has notified rity will not be so cons	ithe International Bureau under Ruie 60.14.47			
If this opinion is, as provided above, considered to be a IPEA a written reply together, where appropriate, with an of Form PCT/ISA/220 or before the expiration of 22 mont	written opinion of the nendments, before the hs from the priority da	EIPEA, the applicant is invited to submit to the expiration of 3 months from the date of mailing ite, whichever expires later.			
For further options, see Form PCT/ISA/220.					
3. For further details, see notes to Form PCT/ISA/220.	·				
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Mail Stop PCT, Attn: ISA/US Commissioner for Patents	Authorized of Donghee Kar	ng J. Whillief			
P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230	Telephone No	o. 571-272-1656			

Form PCT/ISA/237 (cover sheet) (January 2004)

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No.
PCT/US05/02085

Box No. I Basis of this opinion					
1. With regard to the language, this opinion has been established on the basis of the international application in the language in which was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.	ı it				
This opinion has been established on the basis of a translation from the original language into the following language which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b)).	٠				
2. With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application and necessary to the claime invention, this opinion has been established on the basis of:	d				
a. type of material					
a sequence listing					
table(s) related to the sequence listing					
b. format of material					
in written format					
in computer readable form					
c. time of filing/furnishing					
contained in international application as filed.					
filed together with the international application in computer readable form.					
furnished subsequently to this Authority for the purposes of search.					
and the state of t					
In addition, in the case that more than one version or copy of a sequence listing and/or table relating thereto has been filed or furnished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or additional copies is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed, as appropriate, were furnished.					
4. Additional comments:					

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No. PCT/US05/02085

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Rule 43 bis.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement 1. Statement YES Claims 3-18, 20, 25, & 35-47 Novelty (N) Claims 1-2, 19, 21-24, 26-34, 48 & 49 NO · YES Claims 3-18, 20, 25 & 35-47 Inventive step (IS) Claims 1-2, 19, 21-24, 26-34, 48 & 49 NO YES Claims 1-49 Industrial applicability (IA) NO Claims NONE

2. Citations and explanations:

Claims 1-2, 19, 21-24, 26-34, 48 & 49 lack novelty under PCT Article 33(2) as being anticipated by Razeghi (US 6,452,242).

Re claims 1, 24, 30 & 31, Razeghi teaches a phototransistor, comprising:

A substrate comprising antimony (Col.2, lines 29-30); an emitter comprising antimony; a base comprising antimony, said base comprising an emitter-contacting portion which is in contact with a base-contacting portion of said emitter; and a collector comprising antimony, said collector comprising a base-contacting portion which is in contact with a collector-contacting portion of said base, said phototransistor producing an internal gain being contacted with light within a receivable wavelength ranges (Col.5, lines 10-16).

Re claim 2, Razeghi teaches said emitter, said base, and said collector are each substantially lattice-matched.

Re claim 19, Razeghi teaches said emitter-contacting portion of said base comprises a first bandgap value and said base-contacting portion of said emitter comprises a second bandgap value, said first bandgap value less than said second bandgap value.

Re claim 21, Razeghi teaches said collector-contacting portion of said base has a third bandgap value, said second bandgap value being substantially equal to said third bandgap value.

Re claim 22, Razeghi teaches said collector-contacting portion of said base has a third bandgap value, said second bandgap value being greater than said third bandgap value.

Re claim 23, Razeghi teaches phototransistor further comprising a substrate.

Re claims 27-28, Razeghi teaches said emitter, said base and said collector together comprises an n-p-n transistor or a p-n-p transistor.

Re claim 29, Razeghi teaches said receivable wavelength range is from 1.8 micrometers to 2.5 micrometers.

Re claims 32 & 34, Razeghi teaches said process comprises metal-organic vapor deposition processes.

Re claim 33, Razeghi teaches a method of forming a phototransistor that produces an internal gain upon being contacted with light within a receivable wavelength ranges, said method comprising:

Forming a collector comprising antimony on a substrate comprising antimony using a process such that said collector is substantially lattice matched to said substrate; forming a base comprising antimony and having a collector-contacting portion in contact with a base-contacting portion of said collector using a process such that said base is substantially lattice matched to said collector, and forming an emitter comprising antimony and having a base-contacting portion in contact with an emitter-contacting portion of said base using a process such that said emitter is substantially lattice matched to said base.

Re claim 48, Razeghi teaches a method of detecting light, comprising contacting a phototransistor as recited in claim I with light comprising at least a first wavelength, said first wavelength falling within said receivable wavelength range, and applying a current through said phototransistor, said current being amplified as a result of light contacting said phototransistor.

Re claim 49, Razeghi teaches said light comprises infrared light.

Claims 3-18, 20, 25, & 35-47 meet the criteria set out in PCT Article 33(2)-(3), because the prior art does not teach or fairly suggest claimed materials, base bandgap gradient or base comprising a first and second base layer.